



TUESDAY EVENING NOV. 6, 1900.

MR. CAMM PATTERSON, of Buckingham county, in his recently published book "The Young Bachelor, with An Appendix," makes the statement, which is unquestionably true, though, out of regard for them, no Southern man has ever before printed it, that the conduct of the negroes in the South, during the war between the States, in protecting the families of their absent masters, was chiefly due to the fear of the few home guards, and the Confederate soldiers who would soon have been upon the scene, and who would have inflicted stern, immediate and inflexible punishment for the slightest attempt at a servile insurrection. Most of them had heard of the fate of the followers of the insurrectionists Gabriel, first and Nat Turner, after war, and it was terrible enough to deter them from subjecting themselves to the same danger. But for all that, Southern white people commended them then, and have kind feelings for them now—that is for those who behave themselves.

IN THE good old times when men went to the polling precincts and publicly announced the names of the candidates for whom they voted, there was no cheating and no crowding, and it took so little time to vote that there was no need for hurry, and all the votes were polled before sundown. The ballot is a Yankeeism and was devised, nominally, to prevent the employer from buying or intimidating his employees, but that, like most of the other things imported from the same section, is a humbug, and that under elections are gained either by bribery or fraud or intimidation, are too plain to require mention. When the constitutional convention shall be held, let the good and honest old viva voce system of voting be resorted to.

MR. ROOSEVELT says President McKinley "exerted very effort to bring about a peaceful solution of our difficulty with Spain, the most righteous foreign war in modern history that was fought to a brilliant and triumphant finish under President McKinley," and that "the Cubans are infinitely more advanced than the Filipinos." Most everybody else says Spain did all she possibly could to avoid the war, and that it was a most disastrous one, and that Admiral Dewey, who speaks from personal experience, says the Filipinos are more competent for self-government and are better people in every respect than the Cubans.

IN THE administration's efforts to make the United States a "world power," it has not only increased taxes greatly and also he public debt, but has involved the country in international dangers, the result of which no man can tell. In respect of the China affair, foreign nations are already aligning themselves on opposite sides and stretching out their tentacles toward Washington; and, having gone to the extent it has in the affair referred to, it is difficult to see how the administration can get out of, or stay in it, with credit to the nation. "World powers" are costly things, in more ways than one.

THE Confederate Women's Home in Richmond was dedicated yesterday. Next to the home for ex-Confederate soldiers, this is the most commendable of all the other charities in the State. The Confederate soldier had a hard and weary time, to be sure, but that his mother, wife, daughters and sisters had a more miserable lot, is just as well known. If a portion of the money subscribed by Virginians to feed and clothe and laud missionaries in China and other distant countries, were sent to the home referred to, it would do a great deal more good.

NOW THAT the war in Cuba, Porto Rico, Hawaii, Samoa, the Philippines, and in China, is over, or rather, is said to be, there is no reason—that is a good one, why Congress, which will meet on the third proximo, should not repeal the high "war tax," especially as the administration's official reports state that there is an immense surplus in the Treasury now—larger than ever before.

BISHOP FOWLER, of the Northern Methodist Church, boldly acknowledged that he was engaged by the republican national committee to work for the republican cause. He is a better man than Archbishop Ireland of the Catholic, or Bishop Potter of the Episcopal Church, who, though engaged in doing the same work, were ashamed or afraid to tell who had employed them.

IN THE earlier and better days of the country Presidential elections were decided by what was called a battle of ballots. The one that was held today has been decided by a battle between white flesh and blood, and money. Our feeling and hopes, of course, are with the former; but yellow gold has corrupted the gods, let alone American voters.

THE SOLID South still sticks in the craw of the Northern republicans, but solid New England goes down with

them as slick as a raw oyster. But while the South is in dread of a force bill and of reduced electoral and congressional representation, New England is always protected.

THE MORNING republican newspaper of Washington charges the poor working men of Chicago with a lack of American independence, because, while really desiring to vote for Bryan, they were compelled to vote for McKinley, on pain of losing their places if they failed to do so. But it has no word of complaint against the employers of those men, who subjected them to the degradation referred to.

ACCORDING to the republican and subsidized press, the labor vote of the North was comparatively sold for McKinley. That may have been, but if so, what a commensurate and cheap newspapers as means by which to impart understanding!

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Correspondence of the Alexandria Gazette.]

Washington, November 6.

Minister Wu is watching the proceedings of the American people in choosing their chief executive. The Chinese legation is closed today by his orders and the attaches are enjoying a holiday, while the Minister has left for Rockville, Md., to see the voting. He was accompanied by a detective and two of the legation attaches, and made the journey there until the polls close.

Washington is probably the quietest spot in the country during the election excitement. Practically all who have votes in the states have gone home to vote, and as a result the government departments are conducted by but a handful of District clerks and democrats. All the Cabinet officers except Secretary Hay and Gage have gone home to vote. Secretaries Hay and Gage with probably a dozen invited guests will gather at the White House this evening to receive the returns. They will be in communication with Canton, New York and Chicago by long distance telephone, and will receive bulletins by wire from all important points. Representative Loudenslager, in charge of the branch of the republican congressional committee at the Normandie will receive returns from tonight. He is at present in New Jersey, but will return by an afternoon train. The democratic committee, which heard the result of the battle at the headquarters in the Metropolitan Hotel. The two congressional committees, will probably be the gathering points for the adherents of the respective parties. Both are expected to keep "open house" until the late of the candidates is known.

Col. Montgomery in charge of the telegraphic arrangements at the White House said this morning that 25 wires, 9 cables and 6 repeaters would be used to receive the election news and spread it to the President at Canton. "All plans were laid for the President to get the news here," said Col. Montgomery, "as he first intended to come on to Washington as soon as he cast his ballot. We were then to catch him at stations along the route. As it is now we will simply relay the news here to Canton."

While the skies were clear when the morning reports were sent to the Weather Bureau a dispatch received shortly before noon announced that there was a light fall of snow at Sault Ste. Marie, Michigan.

Gen. MacArthur at Manila reported to the War department today the following casualties: Killed October 29, near Cuartero, 2nd Lieut. Wm. Pasco, Co. K, 18th Infantry; Lem Meadow and Addison Ennix. Died November 6, Stanley M. Stuart, assistant surgeon of 1st Volunteer Infantry, at Santa Cruz, Luzon. He was thrown from a horse and killed by a fractured skull. Lieut. Pasco was the son of ex-Secretary Pasco, of Florida. He was appointed to the engineer corps in 1898.

Mr. W. H. Fairless passed through this city today en route to his home in Portsmouth. "I have closed my campaign tour of three months," said Mr. Fairless, "and am feeling better than when I started. I have spoken day and night through six states to audiences ranging from one thousand to twenty thousand people. I am not a federal officeholder, but from a standpoint of true republicanism there is none truer than I am. I am not posted on the political situation in my own State. I have been away ever since the campaign opened, and I shall vote for Dr. Wise for Congress. As to what the followers of Bowden will do, I cannot tell as I am not one of his admirers.

More newly dressed strange negro men were seen on Pennsylvania avenue today than on any previous day of the long time. They had all voted the republican ticket in Maryland or West Virginia, and came here to spend the rest of the election money they had received.

All the stock and grain exchanges and brokers' offices here and throughout the North were closed today, to give their managers and employees an opportunity to go home to vote, and so there are no market quotations.

Buffet H. Bailey, a life long republican and one of the leading printers of Washington, made a bet today of \$500 to \$100 on Bryan. He has just returned from New York, where he has been leading members of his party. He says much as the republicans may desire it, the election of Bryan is sure.

People here today from the neighboring counties in Virginia say a full vote is being polled in all of them, and that the negroes among the white people of those counties are not so much from fear and lack of water. There wasn't a breath of air. Every one feared the wells and pebbles water so that the men were restricted to what boiled water they started with in the morning—a canteen full.

At the democratic congressional committee headquarters today it was stated that if the democrats have a majority of even one vote in the House of Representatives, Ohio, it was said, that the outlook in Illinois is brighter than in Ohio. The estimate was given out that if the democrats carry Chicago by 30,000 they will win the House.

Beginning November 8 the United States Industrial Commission will hold a series of

investigation of industrial conditions in the "worst off" districts of the large cities of the country, particularly New York. Among the witnesses who have been asked to appear before the commission are: H. W. Blount, President of the National Building Trade Council; F. Louis, Thomas P. Bixey, Commissioner of Labor of Missouri; L. M. McCormac, of the Indiana Board of Arbitration; John P. Leo, John C. Brooks, of Harvard University; Bishop Henry C. Potter, of New York; Dr. Isaac Hornsby, of Washington, D. C.; Jas. B. Bynalder, of New York; David Blount, Superintendent of the Hebrew Educational Alliance of New York; and Wm. Killen, President Bricklayers' Union of New York.

NEWS OF THE DAY

Germany is likely to seek another loan soon, according to advices from Berlin.

President Kruger is to be officially welcomed to Paris by the municipal Council.

The powers, it is said, will ask that Prince Tuan, who led the Chinese Boxers, be banished instead of executed.

Judge Vail, in Chicago, has decided that board of trade quotations must be given to the public without discrimination.

The population of Florida as officially announced is 525,542, as against 391,423 in 1890. This is an increase of 137,120, or 35 per cent.

Mrs. Augustus Hubbard died in Brooklyn yesterday from stomach complaint. She was attended by a Christian scientist and refused to take the medicine prescribed by a doctor.

It is said that 400 negroes were released from smallpox quarantine in Harrison county, W. Va., in order that the republicans may vote them at various points in that State.

The following named States and Territories in 1900 do not contain any city with a population of 25,000 or more: Arizona, Idaho, Indian Territory, Mississippi, Nevada, New Mexico, North Carolina, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Vermont and Wyoming.

Chief of Police Devery, of New York, was yesterday indicted by the grand jury at the complaint of John McCallagh, State Superintendent of elections, who accused Devery of interfering with him. The object was to create a reign of terror and arrest democrats at the polls on flimsy charges.

A dispatch from St. Petersburg says: "There is not much chance of American ships supplying Russia and railway materials in the future. The Russian ships have a capacity of 1000 locomotives annually, which exceeds the demand of the country. They could build 25,000 cars a year, whereas Russia ordered only 15,000 for 1900."

VIRGINIA NEWS

A British steamer is loading 10,000 tons of Pocahontas coal at Norfolk for Manila.

The epidemic which was killing the horses along the river in Westmoreland county has entirely disappeared. It is believed that the number of very valuable animals died.

Mr. Henry C. Tricker, one of the oldest citizens of King George county, died at his home near Leo, on Friday, and his remains were interred in the burial ground of Potomac Baptist church on Sunday.

A dispatch from Richmond says the democratic leaders there are angry over the fact that the Richmond bank officials will all stay at home or vote for McKinley today, and there has been a good deal of talk of boycotting the bank that go against Bryan, and, if necessary, start new banks in opposition to them.

The Home for Needy Confederate Women, in Richmond, was dedicated on Sunday. The services included prayer by Rev. Carey E. Morgan; scripture reading by Rev. Harry Minot; opening remarks by Dr. George Cooper; address by Rev. E. N. Calisch; address by Rev. Dr. George Cooper; and response to ministers by Gen. A. L. Phillips.

The careless act of a store boy in leaving two unlighted gas burners turned on at 1703 east Main street, Richmond, came near causing the asphyxiation of five people. Miss Sarah Raines, a public school teacher, who, with her mother and sister, occupies rooms over the store, detected the bad odor of gas about 2 a. m. yesterday and notified the police, who broke into the store and turned the gas off.

THE CUBAN CONVENTION.

A dispatch from Havana says: In opening the Cuban constitutional convention here yesterday Gen. Leonard Wood, military governor of Cuba, said in his speech:

"When you have formulated the relations which in your opinion ought to exist between Cuba and the United States, the government of the United States will doubtless take such action on its part as shall lead to a final and authoritative agreement between the people of the two countries, to the promotion of their common interests."

The appropriateness of this declaration is not clear if Cuba is really to be free, unless it is a further hint of the intention of the administration to try to force Cuba to agree to its own terms as to the future relations of the two countries. It was intimated strongly some time ago that such was the intention of the President, and many vigorous protests were made by leading Cubans against such proposed interference.

The convention met in the Marlborough theatre at 2 o'clock. Long before that hour the theatre was crowded. Many thousands were unable to gain admittance and the streets in the neighborhood were blocked with people. General Wood and his staff, accompanied by Gen. Fitzgibbon and his staff, received an ovation on entering, the band playing "America."

The convention organized with Senator Lorente, Justice of the Supreme Court, as president and Senator Villuendo as secretary.

The constitutional convention which yesterday affected a temporary organization will meet again this afternoon. Sessions will be held daily until the object of the convention is attained. Senator Gonzales de Quesada made an effort to have a constitution drafted by a committee of delegates but the plan was defeated.

The Situation in China.

Shanghai, Nov. 6.—The allies have asked Li Hung Chang to get an edict from the Emperor ordering the execution of Ting Yung, the treasurer of China province for murdering missionaries. The allies are going to execute Ting Yung anyway, but are curious to see if the Emperor will approve of the sentence.

TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

THE ELECTION.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 6.—There is typical weather in Virginia today and a large vote is being polled. Many negroes are voting.

New York, Nov. 6.—Cool, clear weather is bringing out voters in hosts. The polls opened at 6 a. m. and will remain open until 8 p. m. A tremendous vote is being polled, nearly every district reporting that the ballots were coming in at the rate of one a minute. There is practically no cutting or scratching. Reports from all over the city show the election is proceeding quietly. There are 639,223 registered voters in Greater New York and 1,622 voting precincts.

Richard Croker and a long contingent with democratic leaders left tonight for Boston at midnight. At 5:45 a. m. he drove to the polls where he voted. "What a glorious day," said the Tammany leader, "I anticipate the vote will be usually heavy. I have no further prediction to give out. I am done talking now until after the returns come in. Of the result, I am entirely confident." The weather is clear and cool throughout the State and the indications are that a large vote will be polled.

New York, Nov. 6.—The democratic leaders here say that the heavy early vote presages a great democratic victory. Congressman Wm. Sulzer said Bryan was getting twice as many votes as he did four years ago. "On that average," Sulzer said, "he will carry the State by 50,000." State Senator Sullivan who rules the East Side politically said: "The East Side got up early today. The majority of the votes were cast by noon. It means a Bryan victory." Gen. Greene, chairman of the republican county committee, claims republican gain. He said: "The republican party will show gratifying gains all along the line in Manhattan and the Bronx. We will probably gain three senate districts and six assembly districts."

New York, Nov. 6.—New York's election excitement apparently began and ended last evening with the indictment of Devery and Gov. Roosevelt's letter. Everything is quiet today and up to noon not one case of disorder had been reported. The deputies appointed by John McCullagh, superintendent of elections, and the police are evidently working together in harmony. Superintendent McCullagh was on hand at his office early this morning. He announced that he anticipated no trouble. He has 800 deputies stationed about the various polling places. In addition there is a good sized reserve force of officers at a moment's notice. Six arrests are reported so far for illegal voting. The men were promptly arraigned before a magistrate and three held. All these arrests were effected peacefully.

New York, Nov. 6.—Richard Croker said today that there never was such an election in New York City. He said that 75 per cent. of the entire Tammany vote was polled at noon. Croker said: "I feel as if I will vote in the city. It is equaling my expectations, which were high, and my advice from the State are very encouraging to democratic votes. Under county, formerly a staunch republican, will probably go for Bryan by 300 plurality. You may safely count on New York State for Bryan."

Canton, O., Nov. 6.—President McKinley voted at 9:20 o'clock. The President walked to the voting place five blocks from this house, accompanied by Judge Day, Secretary Cortelyou and Dr. Rixey, of the navy.

Columbus, O., Nov. 6.—Election day throughout Ohio opened with bright sky and crisp atmosphere. In Columbus many precincts had 25 per cent. of their vote in at the end of the first hour. A few early reports were received from other points over the State. All showed heavy voting. The republicans claim that the heavy voting indicates certain victory for them in Ohio, but the democratic leaders say their vote, too, is coming out without being urged and they count upon carrying the State.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 6.—Crisp, bright weather prevails in northern Ohio. The voting in the city is heavy and early.

Chicago, Nov. 6.—From indications a heavy vote will be cast in this city today. Long before the hour set for the polls to open, lines of voters waited to cast their ballots. More than two-thirds of the total vote is expected to be cast by noon. The weather, while cloudy, is favorable.

Reports were slow in reaching democratic state headquarters from the country districts. One county reported a third of vote cast by 9 o'clock. Kendall county sent word that Alschuler would receive a full vote. In LaSalle county it was said the vote would be evenly divided between Yates and Alschuler.

W. R. Hearst, president of the national association of democratic clubs, says the dispatches he has already received from all over the country indicate a landslide for Bryan.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 6.—Election day in Springfield is one of the brightest days of the year. At 8:30 a. m. the vote had been cast and long lines of voters were awaiting their turn. McKinley is almost sure to carry the county.

Baltimore, Md., Nov. 6.—The weather here is clear and crisp. Long lines of men stood at booths when the polls were opened at 6 a. m. and a heavy vote is being cast. Everything is quiet and orderly.

Wheeling, W. Va., Nov. 6.—The weather is cold and clear. There is an unusually large vote indicated by the large crowd at the polls when they opened at 6:50.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 6.—"Fraud" is the burden of the cry this morning by party papers and the two State central committees, as the last legislative session repealed the law making the buying of votes criminal. The number of precincts in Indiana is 3,302. The republican plurality in 1896, was 18,181.

Philadelphia, Nov. 6.—The weather here today is bright and the indications are that the republicans will have a sweeping victory, both as to the national and local elections.

Boston, Nov. 6.—Election day opened with bright sky and calm Indian summer air. There was a large attendance at the polls during the first hour of the voting. Odds against Bryan dropped from 4 to 1 to 2 to 1 last night.

Bozot, Nov. 6.—The town of Avon, Mass., has the honor of the first complete return in the Presidential election. It was received at 2:30 o'clock, as follows: Bryan, 150; McKinley, 174. In 1896, Bryan, 119; McKinley, 237. Net democratic gain, 32.

Kansas City, Mo., Nov. 6.—The weather is ideal and the indications are that a large vote will be polled.

This county, Jackson, is normally democratic by 2,500, but the republicans are hopeful of carrying it on account of the disaffection among the democrats. Two dummy tickets were not registered and the candidates were placed on the official ballots only after the State central committee and the courts had been appealed to.

St. Louis, Nov. 6.—Bombs discharged in all parts of the city between 5 and 6 o'clock this morning awoke voters who are favored by a clear and crisp day. The vote is heavy and early. In the 12th Congressional district in which the republicans have caused 1,200 warrants to be issued, for alleged fraudulent registrations, the expected trouble came early. The warrants are to be served by the republican deputy sheriffs while democratic police guard the polls. The first deputy sheriff who ventured inside the prescribed limits of a downtown polling place, was arrested by a policeman and taken to headquarters. The city warrants he had been taken from him. The normal republican majority in St. Louis is 16,000.

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 6.—Election is progressing quickly throughout the State and a moderate vote is being polled. Little attention is being paid to the national ticket, the contest for senatorship absorbing interest. Simmons leads the democratic senatorial primary, though Gen. J. S. Carr is polling a heavy vote. Two congressional districts, the eighth and ninth, are doubtful and the vote is running close. In the fourth district the populist and republican candidates, who have heretofore fought each other and E. W. Ford will be elected by a large majority. Indications are that Bryan's majority in the State will be about 30,000.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 6.—The weather is clear and cool, and an unusual vote will be polled. The democratic ticket is unpopular. Col. Elliott will be returned to Congress from the First District by 15,000 majority over his negro republican opponent. This is the only district where the democratic opposition has any strength.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 6.—A light snow fell in St. Paul this morning, but it was not enough to keep the farmers away from the polls. The first two hours of balloting brought out a large percentage of the vote in Minneapolis and St. Paul. No trouble is expected.

Seattle, Wash., Nov. 6.—The weather is bright and clear, a fact that causes both sides to claim success. The registration is the largest in the history of the State.

Des Moines, Iowa, Nov. 6.—The heavy registration indicates a very large vote. The democrats are making their hardest fight in the Second Congressional district which they claim they will carry by 500. The republicans make a similar claim.

Lexington, Ky., Nov. 6.—The polling places are crowded, showing intense interest. The republicans claim the old McKinley majority of 1,300 but the democrats say the 500 will be the 6 to 1 they will do. There is no disorder.

Franklin, Ky., Nov. 6.—The republicans are leading in four precincts and the democrats in three. The republicans claim the city by 300. The democrats concede the city by 150.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—The weather is perfect and the vote will be large. A week ago the republicans were betting even money that Poynter would not be re-elected Governor by 15,000. They are now taking the same end of 5,000 with more money than the unionists can cover.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Mr. Bryan accompanied his father-in-law to the polls today and both cast their ballots.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 6.—The weather is perfect. Voting is heavier than was expected. Probably three-fourths of the voters of the State have been polled. The irrigation amendment to the State constitution has little opposition.

Portland, Ore., Nov. 6.—A light vote is being polled here, due to the fact that the registration books closed before the polls were opened.

Butte, Montana, Nov. 6.—Reports from throughout Montana indicate that a tremendous vote was cast early. Many arrests have been made on complaint of republicans and anti-Chinese, who say there are at least 2,000 cases of illegal registration in Butte alone.

Mr. Bryan.

Lincoln, Neb., Nov. 6.—Colonel Bryan closed his campaign at Omaha at midnight last night after an exhaustive day's work. He slept soundly, but his countenance bore a serious expression when he arose this morning. He is more hopeful of success in Nebraska than in any other formerly contested State. It is needless to say that he is deeply interested in the outcome of the struggle in Ohio and New York. I turned out now that Richard Croker has given the Nebraska a pledge to land the Empire State in the democratic column. Bryan believes that Croker can turn the trick, and he has faith in the ability of Mayor Jones, of Toledo, to gain a victory in Ohio. Everything is secondary to these propositions in the mind of the candidate. Bryan's own prediction, in the Fifth ward, is going against him just as surely as it did during the first race for the presidency when the majority against him in practically his own neighborhood reached 100.

Riot in Denver.

Denver, Col., Nov. 6.—Two men were killed and four wounded at the polling places at 22nd and Larimer streets this morning. The polling place is in a tough section of the city. At an early hour a crowd of roughs, principally colored men, attempted to get beyond the limit line. Officer Carpenter ordered them away and with the other officers began to push the men back, whereupon John Brandford, colored, shot Carpenter, killing him instantly. Detective Carberry, seeing his brother officer fall, shot Brandford. Immediately a fusillade began and before the battle was over four more men had been shot. Intense excitement prevailed and it was feared that a general riot would follow. A riot call was sent to police headquarters and in a few minutes fifty policemen were on guard around the polling place.

Foreign News.

Constantinople, Nov. 6.—The Sultan has given General George Williams, representing the Cramps, of Philadelphia, an order for a cruiser.

Paris, Nov. 6.—Several of the European governments have warned Dr. Leyds not to exploit President Kruger unduly as such action is liable to upset their pleasant diplomatic relations with E. Gladstone.

Kas, Jubail, on the Gulf of Aden, Nov. 6.—The Dutch cruiser Gelderland, with President Kruger on board, touched here today. The Transvaal president was found on deck wrapped in sheepskin. He had been sick, but

was feeling much better, and except for his eyes, which troubled him, was in good condition. When told of the continued Boer activity, Kruger said he was glad the burghers were still resisting successfully. "May they fight without cessation," he cried; "that is what we ask."

Vienna, Nov. 6.—The first 18 districts in Bohemia and Moravia to poll in the elections for deputies to the Austrian Reichsrath gave overwhelming socialist majorities. The result has caused consternation in political circles here.

Bryan Elected—by the Georgia Legislature.

Atlanta, Ga., Nov. 6.—The Georgia legislature today elected Wm. J. Bryan President by a vote of 102 to 2. The legislators could not go home to vote, because the Constitution requires it to elect a United States Senator on this day. This morning Representative Franklin, of Washington county, offered a resolution that the House of Representatives go on record for President. The resolution passed like a flash. The vote was 102 to 2. Bryan was declared the choice of the legislature by the above majority. Senator Bacon was re-elected by a practically unanimous vote.

Secretary Hay Will Not Vote.

Cleveland, O., Nov. 6.—Considerable comment is excited here, Secretary Hay's old home, by the fact that a man so high in the councils of the nation and heir apparent to the presidency, should have allowed his right of suffrage to lapse. According to the association's Washington dispatch, Mr. Hay will not vote today, because he cannot have taken on his long residence in Washington. Other cabinet officers have been careful to maintain their citizenship in their respective States so that they may vote, especially in the presidential election.

From South Africa.

London, Nov. 6.—Lord Roberts reports that while there are no manifest signs that the Boers are disheartened, their food being scarce and ammunition scarce, President Steyn is doing his utmost to encourage them to continue the struggle by spreading false news in a speech to his burghers. Says Roberts today that he will have sent Natal and that 5,000 Cape Dutch had risen against the English. Kruger, declared Steyn, had gone to Europe to secure international feeling which the Transvaal would be sold to the highest bidder.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Senator Hanna, chairman of the national republican committee, deposited his ballot at Cleveland, O., this morning, and started for Canton where he will receive the election returns with the President.

Ex-President Cleveland crossed the Corland street ferry, New York, this morning on his way home to Princeton, N. J., from Greenwich, Conn., to vote. He said he would not tell how he voted until after the election.

A race riot is reported at Caseyville, Ind., last night, between Austrians and Americans, in which an American named Grover was shot and killed and an Austrian saloon was wrecked. Several hundred shots were fired.

Anderson Monroe, a negro, was shot and killed at Montgomery, Ala., by a white man named Walter. The negro was a member of a prominent family. Walker's negro wife was insulted by his wife. The negro's side was blown off by a shot gun charge.

Marshall Dye was driving to the First ward poll, in Marietta, Ga., this morning, when three suspicious looking men started to run. He arrested them. When searched valuable papers and counterfeit money were found on them. Within fifteen minutes after being put in jail, they had sawed their way out by cutting through the door and started across the street. The marshal and a posse are after them.

A political row occurred at Caseyville, Ind., this morning. Over 200 shots were fired and one man was killed and seven were badly wounded. A party of republicans and democrats congregated in a saloon and began drinking politics. The argument grew so hot that one man seized a shotgun and fired. This was the signal for other shots with the above result.

In South Wilmington, Del., today the negroes attempted to take charge of the polls. The ballot box and books were guarded by police who were close to the rioters and the polls were reopened.

COURT CALLS COUNCIL TO ACCOUNT. The Richmond City Council was arraigned before the Hustings Court yesterday to show cause why a mandamus should not be issued to compel them to build a proper city jail. City Attorney Pollard appeared on behalf of the aldermen and councilmen, and explained that the Council had not had a meeting since the race against its members was issued by Judge Witt, but that the lower branch would convene last night, and the Board of Aldermen would meet tonight, by which time the defense would be ready to answer. Judge Witt thereupon postponed a hearing of the case until Monday, November 19th. A number of the aldermen and councilmen were on hand when the case was called yesterday morning, and nearly all of them expressed themselves as willing to vote an appropriation for a new jail as soon as it should be decided what sort of a prison the city should erect and where it should be located.

FARMS FOR BRYAN VOTERS.—Mrs. L. G. Johnson, of Marganna, Culpeper county, has written the following letter to W. R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, under date of November 2:

"Let every laboring man in New York and the States of Connecticut and New Jersey feel entirely independent, and at liberty to vote for William Jennings Bryan. I hereby offer to convey absolutely free to any laboring man in the city of New York or in the States of New Jersey or Connecticut a five-acre farm of good land in this Culpeper county, Va., who shall prove to your satisfaction that he has lost his position by reason of having voted for William Jennings Bryan at the coming election."

PROSPERITY MINES CLOSE.—In consequence of the decline in price of phosphate rock and difficulty in obtaining ocean transportation two big mining companies near Brauford, S. C., have closed down for a time and another is working only half of its plant.

The Coosaw Company has over 50,000 tons of rock ready for shipment and is working half of its dredges, having no market as yet for its product. The Empire works, on Lady's Island, controlled by the Virginia-Carolina Chemical Company and employing about 15 white and 200 colored pickers, has closed down. The Bessant Phosphate Company, with about 25,000 tons of rock on hand, has closed down for 60 days.

The Markets. Georgetown, Nov. 6.—Wheat 65@70.

DEMOCRATIC RALLY.

The democrats of this city concluded the campaign last night with a large and enthusiastic meeting at the Opera House. The hall was crowded, and the galleries were filled with ladies. A many local democrats were on the stage. Mr. O. F. Carter, chairman of the city democratic